

Part - A

- Q.1. Show that every open interval $]a, b[$ is a n.b.d of each of its points.
- Q.2. Find limit points of the set $S = \{\pm 1, \pm \frac{3}{2}, \pm \frac{4}{3}, \dots\}$
- Q.3. If $I_n =]x - \frac{1}{n}, x + \frac{1}{n}[$ $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then show that $\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} I_n$ is not an open set.
- Q.4. Find the limit points of the sequence $\langle (-1)^n (1 + \frac{1}{n}) \rangle$
- Q.5. Show that the sequence $\langle \frac{1}{n} \rangle$ is a Cauchy sequence.
- Q.6. Show that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & \text{if } x \text{ is rational} \\ 1-x, & \text{if } x \text{ is irrational} \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = \frac{1}{2}$.
- Q.7. Show that $f(x) = x^2$ is uniformly continuous on $[-2, 2]$
- Q.8. Define connected set.
- Q.9. Prove that every convergent sequence is bounded.
- Q.10. Examine whether the sequence $\{\frac{1}{n^3}\}$ is convergent or not?
- Q.11. State Cauchy's first theorem on limit.
- Q.12. Define infimum and supremum of function.
- Q.13. What is Heine's definition of continuity.
- Q.14. State nested theorem.
- Q.15. Define uniform continuity.
- Q.16. State Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem.
- Q.17. State general principle of convergence of a sequence.

Q.18 Define limit point of sequence.

Q.19 State Heine Borel theorem.

Q.20 Define compact set

Q.21 Define order and degree of a differential equation.

Q.22 Find the order and degree of the differential equation

$$\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^{3/2} = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3$$

Q.23 Solve the differential eq,

$$ydx + xdy + \frac{x dy - y dx}{xy} = 0$$

Q.24 Write P.I of $(D^2 + 4D - 12)y = e^{3x}$

Q.25 Find C.F of $(x^2 D^2 + xD - 1)y = x^2$

Q.26 Find one part of C.F of D.E

$$x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - (x^2 - 2x) \frac{dy}{dx} + (x+2)y = x^3 e^x$$

Q.27 Find general solution of the following equation

$$y = px + \frac{a}{p}$$

Q.28 Define general solution, singular solution and extraneous loci of ode.

Q.29 Solve $(D^4 - a^4)y = 0$

Q.30 Define homogeneous linear differential equation

Q.31 Define exact differential equation and write necessary and sufficient condition for $Mdx + Ndy = 0$ to be exact.

Q.31 Write the formula for general solution of $Mdx + Ndy = 0$.

Q.31 Solve $\sin px \cos y = \cos px \sin y + p$

Q.32 How do you find P.I for $xV(x)$ type function.

Find Write Clairaut's equation and its solution.
Define with example first order first degree linear differential equation.

Q.35. Define ode and pde.

Q.36. Form differential eqⁿ for S.H.M $x = a \cos(nt + b)$.

Q.37. Find degree of eqⁿ $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 5\frac{dy}{dx} = \int x^2 dx$

Q.38. Solve $(1-x)dy - (3+y)dx = 0$

Q.39. Write standard form of linear differential eqⁿ of order one and find its integrating factor.

Q.40. Find IF of $(1+y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1}y - x)dy$.

Part - B

Q.1. Show that $\langle \frac{1}{n^3} \rangle$ is a Cauchy sequence.

Q.2. Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for the $\langle x_n \rangle$ to be a convergent sequence is that it's a Cauchy sequence.

Q.3. Prove that the sequence $\langle x_n \rangle$ where $x_n = \frac{1}{2}$, and $x_{n+1} = \frac{2x_n + 1}{3}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$ is convergent. Also find its limit.

Q.4. Prove that derived set of any set is a closed set.

Q.5. Prove that the set $\mathbb{R}$ of real numbers is not a compact set.

Q.6. Prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a monotonically increasing sequence $\langle x_n \rangle$ to be convergent is that

- it is bounded and in that case $\lim x_n$
- Q.7. Prove that intersection of finite number of open set is open.
- Q.8. Prove that a set is closed iff its complement is open.
- Q.9. Prove that every bounded and infinite set has atleast one limit point.
- Q.10. Prove that necessary and sufficient condition for a sequence $\langle x_n \rangle$ to be a convergent sequence is that $\langle x_n \rangle$ is bounded and has a unique limit point.
- Q.11. State and prove Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem.
- Q.12. Prove that the union of an arbitrary collection of open set is again open.
- Q.13. State and prove Heine-Borel theorem.
- Q.14. Prove that product set $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ is countable set.
- Q.15. Prove that any subset of real numbers is connected set iff it is an interval.
- Q.16. Using Cauchy's general principle of convergence for sequences, prove that $x_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$ is convergent.
- Q.17. State and prove intermediate value theorem.

Q.19. Show that $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$ is uniformly continuous on (a, ∞) , $(a > 0)$ but not uniformly continuous on $(0, \infty)$.

Q.20. Prove that if a function is continuous on $[a, b]$, then it is bounded in the interval.

Q.21. If $f(x) = \frac{x^n}{1+x^n e^x}$ then find the type of discontinuity at $x=1$

Q.22. Find the differential equation of all circles which passes through origin and having centre at x -axis.

Q.23. Solve $(x+y)^2 \frac{dy}{dx} = a^2$

Q.24. Solve $(1+e^{x/y}) dx + e^{x/y} \left\{ 1 - \frac{x}{y} \right\} dy = 0$

Q.25. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y+1}{2x+2y+3}$

Q.26. Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y}{(1-x)\sqrt{x}} = 1 - \sqrt{x}$

Q.27. Solve $\cos x dy = y(\sin x - y) dx$

Q.28. Solve $(x^2 y^2 + 5xy + 2) y dx + (x^2 y^2 + 4xy + 2) x dy = 0$

Q.29. Solve $y - 2px = f(xp^2)$

Q.30. Solve $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 + (y-x) \frac{dy}{dx} - y = 0$

Q.31. Solve $y = 2px + y^2 p^3$

Q.32. Find the general solution, singular solution and extraneous loci.

Q.31. Solve $(D^2+4)y = \tan 2x$

Q.32. Solve $(D^2+9)y = \cos 2x + \sin 2x$

Q.33. Solve $(D^3-D^2-6D)y = (x^2-1)$

Q.34. Solve $x^4 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 2x^3 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = 1$

Q.35. Solve $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + \cos x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} - y \cos x = \sin 2x$

Q.36. Solve $x^4 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x^2(x-1) \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = x^3-4$

Q.37. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - x^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + xy = x$

Q.38. Solve $\sin^2 x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = 2y$

Q.39. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\tan x \frac{dy}{dx} + y(1+2\tan^2 x) = \sec x \tan x$

Q.40. Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{2}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{a^2}{x^4} y = 0$

